

CUNEO HEARING
WAS LIVELYPersonality of Colonel Fairman
a Big Factor

THREE COUNTS ARE QUASHED

Costs in These Cases Assessed Again
at Prosecution—In Two Cases Judgment Was Rendered Against Mrs. Cuneo, and an Effort Will be Made to Appeal to Court.

Squire Chorpensing's office was crowded Wednesday afternoon by citizens who wished to see Col. "Bill" Fairman, the Tall Sycamore of the Mahoning, and incidentally to learn the result of the hearing in the case of Mrs. Anna Cuneo, charged with violating the Sunday law. Colonel "Bill" did not disappoint the throng, as he was topped out in the new suit of clothes which looked as if it had been made for the prince of Wales, with a woolly hat on his head and a glowing red tie in his collar. As he sat gently manhandling his fingernails before the case was called Colonel Fairman was the picture of innocence on an occasional child-like smile showing place with a crumpled cigar butt between his lips.

Not Much Fireworks.

If the crowd expected to see a display of oral fireworks when Colonel Fairman injected himself into the real business of the session they were disappointed. The colonel was as meek as the sucking dove during the hearing, except that once his features were ruffled by a remark by T. H. Murray, Esq., counsel for the prosecution in the case. Then the Punnett-Lawney lawyer arose in his dignity and shaking his forefinger at his hoary locks, uttered some fiery words in that voice which has from time immemorial reverberated through the halls of the Jefferson county court house.

Heard on Five Counts.

Mrs. Cuneo was given a hearing on five counts. She was accused of keeping her place of business open, and of selling goods on the Sabbath day, the following dates being cited for the indictments:

August 31—Witness Swales swore he bought two quarts of ice cream on that day in Mrs. Cuneo's store. Judgment against defendant in the amount of \$4. Colonel Fairman gave notice that he would appeal to the court.

September 7—Witness "didn't know," and the indictment was quashed.

September 14—Witness Smith swore he bought two oranges on that Sunday. On cross examination he said "he oranges were for his sick child. Indictment quashed."

September 21—Witnesses said they had bought goods on that Sunday. Indictment quashed.

September 28—Witnesses swore to having bought goods on that Sunday. Judgment against defendant in the sum of \$4.

At the close of the hearing Colonel Fairman gave notice that he would appeal the cases to court. He began immediately to draw up the necessary papers.

Three of the indictments were quashed, the costs being placed on the prosecutors. Judgment was rendered against the defendant in two cases which will be appealed, at the court, so agrees.

BISHOP CRANSTON COMING

Will Speak in Trinity M. E. Church
Next Monday.

Bishop Earl Cranston, the senior active bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church, will speak in Trinity M. E. church of Clearfield, Monday, October 6th, in the afternoon at 2 o'clock to the ministers of the Altoona district, to the women and lay members of the local M. E. churches, and the general public is invited to be present. In the evening at 7:30 o'clock, he will address the church people who it is expected will be present in numbers to hear him. The public is also invited.

Bishop Cranston wishes ministers and laymen to come from all parts of district to discuss with him and hear him speak on special work of the church at this season. The campaign work will be reviewed and other matters discussed especially the circulation of church papers and the recommendations of the commission on finance.

THE NOVEMBER BALLOT

Seven Party Squares Appear for Voting
Straight Tickets.

Seven party squares for the voting of straight tickets appear on the official sample ballot for the November election, which has just been outlined by Chief Clerk George D. Thorn of the department of the secretary of the commonwealth. Party squares are to the left of the ballot in the following order: Democratic, Washington, Republican, Socialist, Bull Moose, Roosevelt Progressive and Prohibition.

The non-partisan judicial ticket appears in the next column headed by spaces for judges of superior court and with spaces for other nominations according to courts. The remaining nominations will go in other columns.

The five constitutional amendments to be voted upon appear at the bottom of the ballot, being printed across the paper. The amendments to authorize the issuance of the road bonds is first, followed by the amendments to allow special legislation for labor, extending terms of judges, allowing graded taxes and making provisions for debt limitations.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Josephine Haslett to John F. Groff,

land in Ramey \$40

Philip Maracek, of Osceola, and

Mary Medzia, of Morrisdale

Oscar Hull, of Woodland, and Bertha A. Wisor, Bradford twp

Henry Halford Rollin and Sarah

Edith Wagner, both of Clearfield

Helen Rebecca E. Hall to Mrs. Sara

Samuels land in Woodward twp \$450

Helen of John Brock to Louisa Fros

butter land in Bigler twp \$1

Augusta Carlson to William C.

Schwamb, land in Bigler twp \$306

Clearfield Trust Co. et al., to C.

T. Kuntz land in Clearfield \$7278 12

Philip S. Dotts, armist, to Mrs. Emily

McGarvey, land in Irona \$600

W. C. Goss to Ross A. Lambert,

land in Decatur twp \$250

Daniel O'Brien to John Sekik land

in Morris twp \$300

Marceline Quintette to Julia Ler

minean, land in Morris twp \$645

Julia Lermiean to Steve Pollock,

land in Morris twp \$450

William Wostenroft to James Wol

stenroft, et al., land in Boggs twp

\$957.12.

Hattie E. Titus to Emory H. Wil

liams, land in Sandy twp \$1.

M. T. Lawhead to Hugh McKee,

land in Burnside twp. \$1,200.

James Harvey to George Harvey,

land in Woodward twp. \$100.

Henry Loeb and wife to Norman

Loeb, et al., land in DuBois, \$4,200

Had Relatives Here.

William M. Forney, a Pennsylvania division operator, died at his home in Williamsport Monday, of typhoid fever. He is survived by his wife and three children. Samuel Forney, of Mahaffey, was a brother, and Mrs. Minnie Hawkins, of Clearfield county, was a sister of the dead man.

Killed by Train.

Hans Retzel, of Oriskany, a member of the construction crew on the New York Central railroad, was killed at that place Saturday evening by being struck by a freight train. His head and both feet being cut off.

ENTOMBED IN MINE,
HE REMAINS CHEERFULPrisoner 100 Feet Below Ground
May Yet Perish.

Centralia, Pa., Oct. 2.—The rescuing party at the Continental mine of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, which is trying to reach Thomas Toshesky, a miner, who was entombed last Friday, arrived at a point which showed that forty feet of solid coal and rock would have to be cut through to enable them to release the imprisoned man.

Toshesky is undergoing the terrific ordeal bravely in his prison 100 feet below the surface. Frequently during the night he conversed with the rescuers, his remarks being heard clearly through the fifty feet of tubing penetrating the coal breast from an adjoining chamber. Since a blanket was pushed through the tube to him he feels more comfortable. He said water was dripping from the roof and that his prison was beginning to grow damp, while the atmosphere was becoming heavy. Unless he is soon rescued he may perish for want of fresh air, mining experts say.

Nearly every time he talks Toshesky asks about his wife and four children.

CASES ON THE
ARGUMENT LISTCivil Suits to be Heard by
Court October 13

NONE OF GREAT IMPORTANCE

New Trial Asked in Damage Case Against Fred Loeb and J. W. Marshall, of DuBois, Tried at Last Term 4th Civil Court—Several Railroad Suits on List.

Following is a list of the cases which will be heard in the regular argument court beginning Monday, October 13.

Frank Zeigler et al. vs. Charles Zeigler, vs. John Selepak, Petition to stay execution and rule to open judgment.

Frank Kolom vs. John Koloz and Lizzie Kolom, rule to strike off satisfaction.

Mrs. Bell Fick vs. H. White Sheriff's Interpleader J. Newton McCord claimant, and J. W. Westover, claimant Answer filed.

James Stevenson vs. use of Harry McKelvey vs. Beech Creek Railroad company rule to show cause why the motion for appointment of receivers should not be refused.

Commonwealth vs. Nick Fresco, petition to strike off forfeiture of recognizance.

Commonwealth vs. Jackson Curran, rule to show cause why money should not be paid to Jackson Curran.

Moses Jacobs et al. vs. P. F. Mount rule to show cause why security for costs should not be refused. Answer filed.

Clarence Huns vs. Peter Huns, exceptions to report of commissioner.

Moshannon National bank vs. R. F. McCartney rule to show cause why a writ should not be granted to determine ownership of property.

William Marcella Curowski vs. Fred Loeb and J. W. Marshall, motion for judgment non ob ver, and for new trial.

Frank Kramer vs. K. Smeal (for Horari).

Martin Machinery Co. for use vs. Harvey J. Flegal rule for judgment for want of a sufficient defense.

In re petition of citizens of DuBois borough to reduce number of councilmen. Exceptions filed.

Commonwealth vs. use of Louisa vs. Henry Moyer deft. Andrew Neubauer and Harry Nebauer exrs, rule to be entered.

to show cause why judgment should be entered.

Commonwealth vs. Herman Moyer rule to show cause why attachment should not issue.

E. E. Jimeson vs. J. S. Richards, et al. commissioners of Clearfield county, appeal from assessment.

P. M. Swoope trading as Carlton plating mill Co., vs. W. D. and D. A. Walker, rule to enter judgment.

Broderick & Bascom Rope Co., vs. John Broderick; rule to show cause why judgment should not be entered for want of a sufficient affidavit of defense.

There are two cases in the equity list to be heard October 15, as follows:

Louis Dehmas vs. Pittsburgh & Susquehanna Valley railroad Co.; demurrer.

Berwind White Coal Mining Co. vs. Martha E. Hirsch et al., demurrer.

STONEVILLE PICNIC

Pleasant Event Held There on Saturday Last.

The picnic and accompanying festival at Stoneville Saturday was a grand success. A permanent organization was effected with the following officers: President, John Stone, Sr., secretary, Harry Powell, and treasurer, George Dimeeling.

The reunion will be held next year on the first Saturday in September.

The proceeds of the festival are given each year to the Stoneville church.

KILLED AT RAMEY

Samuel Walk Fatally Injured by a
Fall of Coal in a Mine.

Samuel Walk Jr., was instantly killed Wednesday morning by a fall of coal in the James Minds mine at Ramey. The fatal accident occurred soon after Walk started to work. The body was removed to Buehah, his home.

Walk was about 35 years of age and leaves a widow and four children. He had been working in the Minds mine for several years.

AN IMPORTANT EVENT

Dedication of the State College Pres-
byterian Church.

Sunday, October 5, will be a red letter day at State College when Presbyterians from all over the state of Pennsylvania gather to dedicate the new Presbyterian church. The Rev. Samuel Martin the pastor, has charge of the entertainment of visitors and is busily engaged securing accommodations for them.

Rev. Joseph W. Cochran, D. D. Secretary of the board of education, will preach the dedicatory sermon in the morning of October 5, Rev. R. E. Daubenspeck, D. D., of Huntingdon, moderator of the synod will preach in the evening. There will be an organ recital by Fred Maxson of Philadelphia on Monday night, while the Brotherhood organization will have charge of the services on Tuesday. On Wednesday evening there are addresses by the pastors of the sister churches at State College. Thursday, preparatory services by the Rev. George E. Hawes, of Bellefonte.

The building has been erected at a cost of about \$55,000. It is plain but dignified, chaste and beautiful. The architect is Albert Kelsey, of Philadelphia.

SALVATION ARMY

Colonel Holz Will Deliver Address To-
morrow Night

Colonel and Mrs. R. E. Holz and staff (capitally equipped) accompanied by Philip Holz, a quartet will be at Salvation Army hall, Market street, tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock to deliver an address on "The Salvation Army and its work." Refreshments will be furnished by the quartet and the general public is invited.

Private Sale

One 1900 Buick 40 Touring car, with 1000 miles, will be sold at 311 Ogden avenue, Thursday, Sept. 20, 1913.

The Dance Tonight.

This is the night of the dance for the benefit of the Clearfield baseball club. About the affair and pass an enjoyable evening while contributing to a worthy cause.

College Club

There will be a meeting of the Wilson College club on Saturday afternoon at the Dimeiding hotel. A large attendance is expected, including people from Brookville, DuBois, Curwensville, Philipsburg, Osceola and all other nearby towns.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John F. Livingston, Clearfield and Flora L. Wiley, Jordan twp.
J. F. Blume and Nina Elizabeth Malton, both of Clearfield.

Cake Sale.

The Childrens Aid society will hold a cake and food sale Saturday afternoon, October 4, at W. B. Ogden's store room and would like all members of the society to contribute toward same.

FOUR STOWAWAYS
ESCAPE FROM SHIP
Cut Hole in Cabin and Jump
45 Feet to the Water.

New York, Oct. 2.—Four men who were to have been deported as stowaways on the France got away from the ship while she lay at her pier at the foot of West Fourteenth street, and it was thought that they had stolen life preservers and jumped overboard.

The men had been in a cabin near the hospital ward with a guard on duty outside. They escaped by cutting a hole in the wall of the cabin and crawling down shoots to the coal pit and climbing emergency ladders to the upper deck. The upper deck is forty five feet above the water. Apparently the stowaways jumped overboard, for two life belts were found in the river near the liner. Possibly the men failed to secure the life preservers properly. It is possible that all four may have reached shore although two of them may have been drowned.

According to officers of the French line, the guard on duty outside the cabin in which the quartet were detained heard no suspicious noises.

Roomers Wanted.

Roomers wanted at No. 9, Fourth street, Call on Mrs. Charles Smoke, Sept. 30-1w.

AMERICANS FLEE
MEXICAN BATTLETerror Drives Hundreds Over
Border at Piedras Negras.

FEDERAL TROOPS ADVANCE

Rebels Burn Villages in Effort to Save Their Capital—United States Troops Hurry to Scene in Order to Care For Refugees—Many Constitutionalists Wounded.

Eagle Pass, Tex., Oct. 2.—Public buildings and box cars in the railroad yards were being used to house the hundreds of refugees who continued to pour across the border from the Mexican city of Piedras Negras, the provisional capital of the constitutionalists, where terror reigns because of the steady advance of the federal forces. Many of the refugees are Americans, Consul Blocker, at Piedras Negras, having ordered them to leave the city at once.

Three squadrons of the Third United States cavalry, with one machine gun platoon, and Battery C Third field artillery, were to reach here and take charge of the refugees as they came over the border line.

More than 100 Americans were counted among the refugees. All of them had left their homes in the Mexican city as soon as the consul had instructed them to do so and were unable to bring any of their belongings with them. About 2,000 refugees in all are being cared for here.

The federal troops under General Maas were said to be within striking distance of the constitutionalist capital. Consul Blocker feared that serious fighting would take place within the city when the constitutionalist troops were driven in. Already it was said, hundreds of refugees from the surrounding districts had poured in to the Mexican city and were preparing to continue their journey across the border at the first sight of the federal troops. Consul Blocker considered that a federal attack on the city was imminent when he issued the order for Americans to leave.

Rebels Burn Villages.

Reports from the country along which the federals are advancing told of depredations committed by the constitutionalists. Villages were set on fire and other means taken to delay the federals. General Maas' troops, it was said, were closing in on Sabinas, from which the constitutionalists were expected to fall back on Piedras Negras.

It was said that there were many wounded constitutionalists in Piedras Negras. Freight cars were placed in readiness at the hospital there to remove the wounded in case the federals reached the city. It was reported that many prisoners in the jails on sedition charges were shot. Among the victims was said to be Felipe Sanchez, wanted in Carriso Springs, Tex., as a member of the smuggling band charged with the murder of a deputy sheriff.

AMUSEMENTS

"Freckles" was played to a capacity house at the New Opera house last evening. Those who have read the book discovered a number of changes in the dramatization of the story, some of which were not entirely pleasing. Jess M. Willingham as "Freckles" was good, his voice being in excellent condition, in his songs. "Ang" was fairly good, but somewhat different from the angel of the story. The other characters were passable, but the play as a whole was received with pleasure by the large audience.

African Hunt Pictures.

The Paul J. Rainey's African Hunt Pictures represent the absolute high tide in the gradual rise of the motion picture idea of entertainment and will be shown at the New Opera house, Monday and Tuesday next. An expedition of 350 men spent a year in the African jungles, braving death from fever and wild beasts in order that this wonderful entertainment might be presented to the public. Mr. Rainey, who is a millionaire sportsman of Cleveland Ohio under took his big game hunt merely for the point of sport but he was the first African Big Game hunter to provide that the wonderful scenes he saw and the strange experiences he passed through should be preserved to the American public through the motion pictures. All kinds of wild animals are shown in their native homes and the exhibition is of untold value to the public at large.

WANTED—Empty barrels at the Kupper Cut Glass Works. 30 St.

EIGHTY CHINESE DEPORTED.

Bound For Mexico, Via San Francisco.

They Re-entered the United States. San Francisco, Oct. 2.—The steamship Mongolia, which sailed for the Orient, carried about eighty Chinese who are being deported. Nearly the entire number were captured entering the United States over the Mexican border, having been sent from China to Mexico by way of San Francisco.

Nearly 100 Chinese a week are allowed to pass through San Francisco in transit to Mexico, and most of them and their way back into the United States, immigration officials have discovered. Chinese in transit to Mexico, it is said, may be barred from San Francisco in the future.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

Secretary Garrison for economy ordered
the army recruiting force reduced.

The British steamer Templerore took fire at sea. Her crew was rescued.

Three young men stealing a ride were killed in a collision of freight trains near Scranton, Pa.

Two masked and armed men robbed the Yukon Gold company of \$20,000 gravel at Dawson, Y. T.

Captain H. B. Nichols, eighty-one, twice postmaster of Norfolk, Va., committed suicide by shooting.

Senator Vardaman served notice he would oppose colored men to office except minister to Liberia.

An express box containing \$7,000 assigned by banks was looted by three masked bandits in Minnesota.

Frank Ivy was mortally shot by his first wife in the presence of his second wife and two babies at Los Angeles.

The freighters Joseph B. Morrow and City of London collided near Detroit. The former was beached, but the latter sank.

John Malkem of Patchogue, N. Y., a six foot blacksmith, nearly drowned himself in a cell of the local jail. He tore away a water pipe.

Cornelius Breenahan, brother of Regan, the ball player, was killed in a quarrel over a violin at Toledo, O. Charles N. daley was arrested.

WOMAN'S SKELETON DUG UP.

Back Yard Grave May Have Been Re-
sult of Old Murder.

Paris, Ill., Oct. 2.—Workmen excavating in the residence district here found the skeleton of a woman whose skull was fractured in a short grave beneath the surface in the rear of a house. The teeth indicated that the victim was between thirty and forty years old.

It was reported that Dr. Horace Ball, who died ten years ago, had said that his servant girl had disappeared and never was heard of later. Dr. W. B. Jones, a partner of Dr. Ball, says he never heard the missing servant story.

Yeggmans Used Automobiles.

Blaghamton, N. Y., Oct. 2.—Blowing its safe to atoms, yeggs robbed a branch postoffice in the business section of this city. Several hundred dollars in money and stamps were taken. It is believed the robbers used automobiles to escape.

Japan Discusses New Treaty.

Tokyo, Oct. 2.—It is understood here that Japan and the United States are engaged in a discussion of the possibilities of arranging a new commercial treaty between the two countries.

Gunboat Has Narrow Escape.

Cadiz, Oct. 2.—The Spanish gunboat Bonifacio struck a derelict near here and had a narrow escape from foundering. The water invaded the engine room, and the gunboat reached port in an almost waterlogged condition.

DISAPPEARANCE OF
DIESEL MYSTERIOUSInventor's Family Think He Is
Safe in London, However.

London, Oct. 2.—In spite of a denial from Munich of the disappearance of Dr. Rudolf Diesel and the assertion of his family that he had been heard from in London, the chairman of the Diesel Engine company, limited, C. C. Ellis, at the meeting of shareholders confirmed the story of his disappearance from the cross channel steamer in every particular. After expressing the sorrow of the directorate of the company at the loss of Dr. Diesel Mr. Ellis concluded:

"We can hardly hope to see him again, and I am sure his widow and his friends have your deepest sympathy."

According to the account published here, Dr. Diesel embarked on the steamer Dresden, accompanied by George Carais, a fellow director, and Herr Luckmann, chief engineer of the company. Dr. Diesel had a cabin to himself. On the arrival of the vessel at Harwich he was missing. His bed had not been slept in, though his night clothing was laid out on it.

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James H. Minda, Vice President.
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second class.

THURSDAY OCTOBER 2.

WASHINGTON PARTY TICKET

COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff,
Charles W. Frey, of DuBois.
For District Attorney,
Earle G. Boone, of DuBois.
For Jury Commissioner,
Leo G. Syphert, of DuBois.

BOROUGH TICKET

For Burgess,
C. E. Roseberry, Fourth Ward.
For School Director, 8 years.
Two to be Elected.
John W. Barratt,
R. D. Hyde,
Justice of the Peace.
F. G. Champenig,
Tax Collector.
Lloyd D. Jacobs,
Auditor.
Three to be Elected
John A. Duke,
A. Knight Staver.

WARD TICKET.

Assessor.
First ward—James Sutton.
Second ward—M. O. A. Sahm.
Fourth ward—John Bowman.
Councilmen
Two to be Elected.
Second ward—L. M. Forney. The
between J. Ward Logan and Allen
Wrigley.
Fourth ward—M. M. Overly, D. S.
Beck.

COMING EVENTS.

DuBois fair, Sept. 30, Oct. 1, 2, 3.
State Sunday School Convention,
Williamsport, Oct. 8, 9, 10.
Anti-Saloon League convention
Clearfield district, Clearfield, Oct. 7.
Bishop Earl Cranston will speak in
Trinity M. E. church October 6.
Children's Aid Society cake and
food sale, Oct. 4.
Deer Hunting season opens Nov. 10
closes Nov. 25.

Good evening! Your voice should
be heard in behalf of a cleaner and
brighter Clearfield.

TYPHOID FEVER.

In various sections of the state
typhoid epidemics prevail. In most
cases it has been determined that
this disease is due to impure water or
milk. It is therefore absolutely nec-
essary for boards of health to see the
milk or water consumed by the people
is free from contamination. Proper
precaution and the enforcement of
the law would prevent epidemics of
typhoid fever.

So far as can be ascertained there
is no regular inspection of milk sold
to the people of Clearfield. While
there is no doubt that most of the
milk consumed in this town is pure,
it is probable that some of the
weakest fluid is unfit for family use.
An inspection of dairies and a test
of the milk might avert such epidemics
as those from which the people of
other sections of the state suffer at
this time. The ounce of prevention
should be applied in Clearfield.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES.

In the Progress Wednesday was
printed announcement of the dates
of and places at which farmers' in-
stitutes would be held, together with
the list of speakers and instructors.
These institutes are held under the
auspices of the state agricultural de-
partment, and for years they have
proven a great benefit to tillers of
the soil.

Clearfield county farmers are not

in the rear of the procession of pro-
gress. They have learned much from
experience, and they are willing to
heed the advice of those who have
practical ideas of farming and who
are adding to the increasing pro-
ductiveness of the soil and in enhanc-
ing the value of the by products of
the farm. Hence, when the farm-
ers' institutes opens in the county this
is certain to be a large number of
farmers ready to attend the meet-
ings and listen to the lectures.

The soil of Clearfield county farms
is not different from that of other
parts of the state. As good crops can
be raised in this county as elsewhere,
but no farm can be made to produce
record crops unless it is worked in-
telligently. It is the aim of the lec-
turers at the farmers' institutes to
impart knowledge of correct farm-
ing to those who are interested in
the work.

William E. Crow is the new head
of the Republican state committee.
A hawk would have been a more sig-
nificant bird.

Sulzer blames his financial trou-
bles upon his wife. That's always the
way—the woman tempted me.

With dividends of ten mil-
lion dollars on a capital of twenty
million the beef trust has the impu-
dence to say that it would have to
go out of business if the price of
meat were reduced.

These rainy days give a man time
in which to figure the amount of his
income tax.

George Gould Dead.

George Gould died suddenly at his
home at Brisbin Wednesday morning.
He was about 40 years of age and is
survived by his widow and one son.

Frank Hammond Ill.

Frank Hammond, of Punxsutawney,
is very ill of appendicitis, at the
home of his parents on Daisy street.
It is feared that an operation will be
necessary. This is the second
attack.

For Sale or Rent.

Village Hotel Property—No license
—Good condition—2 1-2 miles from
N. Y. C. and P. R. R. Good reasons
for selling or renting. Decided bar-
gain. Write Box 235, Glen Camp-
bell, Pa. Oct 2-2t.

Notice.

Persons desiring to purchase shade
trees for fall planting through the
shade tree commission of the Borough
will please advise one of the members
of the commission on or before the
15th day of October.

The price per tree 10 to 12 feet
high 2 to 2 1-2 inches caliper deliv-
ered at Clearfield will be about \$1.00.

W. H. PATTERSON,

DR. S. D. BAILEY,

LESLIE STEWART.

Shade Tree Commission.
Oct. 2-2t.

DEATHS OF A DAY.

Dr. Jules Ogier, the famous toxicologist,
is dead in Paris. He was born in 1853.

Dr. Reginald Haber Fitz, seventy years
old, a noted Boston physician, died in
Brookline, Mass., after an operation.

Carrie A. Eldret Lewis, wife of Delos B.
Lewis, president of the New York State
Sunday School association, died in Am-
sterdam, N. Y.

George Russell Lincoln, sixty-five, a
prominent mining engineer of Philadel-
phia, is dead in Paris. He was a brother
of Mrs. Charles W. Duane of Philadelphia.

Major Alexander McDowell, sixty-eight
years old, from 1895 to 1911 clerk of
the house of representatives at Washington,
died at his home in Sharon, Pa. He was
born in Franklin, Pa.

Norman Lockwood McCutcheon, only
son of James McCutcheon, the linen im-
porter, and treasurer of the James Mc-
Cutcheon company of New York, is dead
at his home in Greenwich, Conn.

Mrs. Mary Jane Brown, widow of Francis
Everett Brown, died in New York.
She was eighty-two years old. Her hus-
band was one of the old time shipbuilders
and was the master joiner when the old
Hudson river steamer Mary Powell was
built.

Keiffer Pears for Canning

Peaches are about finished.
This week we offer you
Keiffer pears at

\$1.10 a Basket

Let us have your order.

R. C. Shaw Grocery Co.

APPLICATION HIGHWAY LAW

Each Ton Marketed Costs \$1.41
More Than It Should

NOT A POLITICAL QUESTION

State Has Taken Over Most of the
Roads and Their Improvement
and Maintenance is Fair-
ly Before the Voters.

A fair estimate of the merchantable
farm products of Pennsylvania is fifteen
million tons annually. A loss of
\$.41 on each ton, which government
statistics show to be the difference
in the hauling cost between good and
bad roads and which would be saved
were the roads improved, amounts to
something over twenty-one millions of
dollars.

This is actual loss. Loss of time;
damage to equipment; exhaustion of
horses and men. If the purchaser of the
produce secured an advantage there
would be some consideration, but he
has to pay top prices by reason of it.
The saving of this loss would mean
more profit for the farmer, and less
for the consumer to pay.

In 1907 and 1909 ineffectual efforts
were made to secure legislation under
which good roads would be built in all
sections of Pennsylvania, but the people
were not yet ready for it. Many
otherwise intelligent persons seemed
to see in the proposition to build roads
a political question rather than an
economic one. Some feared that other
people's roads would be built first.
Others were apprehensive that voters
might be employed in the work. The
time was not yet ripe.

In 1911 the forces favoring improve-
ment of the highways were brought to-
gether, and the result was the enact-
ment of one of the most complete
highway laws which the world has
ever seen; this law embraces practi-
cally all the valuable points of all other
highway laws, and leaves out those
features which are of questionable
advantage; a law under which Penn-
sylvania can be assured of the very
best roads reaching between all its im-
portant centers of population and in-
terest.

The framers of that law had studied
the road laws of other States and of
other countries. Under it the State
roads and county roads and township
roads may be improved so that within
a reasonable time every farm in the
State will have access to a good road,
and the larger and more concentrated
travel that passes between cities will
have smooth and direct thoroughfares.

It costs money to build roads. This
fact was also recognized by the Legis-
lature of 1911 and again by the Legis-
lature of 1913, and each adopted a
resolution amending the constitution
of the State, subject to ratification by
the voters, under which the money
can be procured for the construction
work.

Everybody in Pennsylvania is fami-
liar with the biennial appropriation
farce. The State administration is
barred by the fundamental laws from
running the State into debt. Appropria-
tions are made from the general
funds of the State to an amount far
in excess of the estimated income.
Then it is up to the Governor to veto
or reduce until he gets them within
the limit. It is not a pleasant position
for a Governor to be in, and more than
one has found it a rock evidently de-
signed for the wreck of his personal
political ship. Sometime a Governor
will be found who will veto the whole
list of excessive appropriations, and
call the Legislature in extraordinary
session to make appropriations within
the law. Such action will require
great courage, and the man who takes
it must be willing to retire to private
life subsequently, but the effect will be
salutary.

Under the system of direct appro-
priations, with its vetoes and reduc-
tions our grandchildren will still be
struggling in mud, waiting for the
roads to be improved.

The voters of Pennsylvania have the
improvement of the roads squarely be-
fore them at the coming election. A
vote for the constitutional amendment
is a vote for good roads, to be built as
rapidly as skill and economy can ac-
complish it; a vote against the amend-
ment is a vote in favor of the continuan-
ce of the present system, with ap-
propriations contingent on conditions
from year to year, and subject to the
exigencies of the necessary executive
"whittling."

This is not a political party ques-
tion. There is no partisanship in good
roads. The Republican, the Democrat,
the Progressive, the Socialist, the In-
dependent, and the Prohibitionist, all
travel over the roads and all are
equally interested in their improve-
ment.

An amiable gentleman in a speech
up State a few weeks ago figured out
that he could see, with the passage of
this amendment at the polls, contracts
so let as to build a great political
machine; and highway improvement
so carried out that the regions of resi-
dence of favored political leaders
would secure advantage not granted to
other localities, but the amiable gen-
tleman was either dreaming or ro-
mancing. He, as every other intelli-
gent person, knows better.

The system of State Highways is a
fixed fact. The State has taken over
most of the roads and is now keeping
them in such repair as the money
available will permit. With an ade-
quate fund to draw from all could be



GOOD ROADS HELP.

kept in proper repair, and those sec-
tions where the greatest travel exists
would be the first to receive the hard
surface. No Highway Department in
any State would ever think of doing
otherwise. To attempt to force condi-
tions in the interest of sections or of
individuals would be to furnish the
red flag for warring purposes. Those
who were so insane as to try it would
find themselves playing the part of
projectiles in front of the explosive
force of an outraged public sentiment.

It must be remembered that the con-
stitutional amendment which is to be
voted on in November does not create
a debt. It gives the Legislature au-
thority to create a debt for improving
the roads if it deems it wise. The
Legislature is to fix the form and term
of the debt, and the method of pay-
ment; and next year the people will
elect the Legislators, who, in 1915,
will have this responsibility placed
upon them.

This fact was dwelt upon at the
Good Roads Convention held at the
capitol at Harrisburg on September
18, by several of the speakers, and
Governor Tener, in his address, stated
that none of this money would be
spent under his administration, as the
enabling laws providing for the issue
of bonds would have to be enacted
by the Legislature of 1915, the mem-
bers of which will be elected in 1914.
This statement by the Governor must
controversy and set at rest all insinua-
tions of interested objectors so far
as that factor of opposition is con-
cerned.

REASONS FOR YOUR SUPPORT

Many Good Reasons Why the Penn-
sylvania Voter Should Vote
for Good Roads.

Reasons why every voter should
vote at the approaching election for
building Pennsylvania's highway sys-
tem are plentiful. Some of the most
important should be borne in mind by
every voter when he goes to the polls.
Some of them are:

BECAUSE, there should be no po-
litics in good roads. They benefit
Republican, Democrat, Progressive,
Socialist and Prohibitionist alike, and
the benefit is not political, but com-
mercial, industrial, educational, so-
cial and personal.

BECAUSE, the benefit of improved
roads is not confined to any class or
condition, but extends to all. Farm-
er, merchant, physician, lawyer, man-
ufacturer, dweller in city or country;
driver of horse or automobile.

BECAUSE, with the money avail-
able from a loan for State Roads, the
state will be able to give the town-
ships greater aid under the Jones
law and more money will be avail-
able for state aid roads, from the
general revenues.

BECAUSE, the State of Pennsylv-
ania levies no real estate tax, but re-
ceives its revenues from corporations,
from commerce, from automobile reg-
istrations, and a variety of lesser
sources.

BECAUSE, the constitutional
amendment which will be voted for
this year provides for a fund to build
state highways in every county in
the state, so that all will reap the
benefit.

BECAUSE, unless the voters vote
in favor of this amendment to the
constitution, road building in Penn-
sylvania will be a slow proposition.
There will be no money to build the
State road system unless the people
vote for it.

BECAUSE, regardless of who may
be elected governor, or elected to
any other office next year, highway
construction should go on with regu-
larity until every part of the state is
supplied with the roads which the
State Highway law provides and
which are necessary to their welfare.

Reasons why every voter should
vote for the constitutional amend-
ment could be multiplied indefinitely;
and any real reason why any one
should vote against the bonds would
be hard to find. Everybody wants
the roads built during the lifetime of
the present generation and built so
they will last, with proper main-
tenance, for all time. Part of them
are already built and need repairs;
some are in course of construction,
and the money for building the others,
in fairness to every section of the
state, is what should be voted for
now. By voting "yes" to the con-
stitutional amendment you will VOTE
RIGHT.

A vote for the Constitutional Amend-
ment is a vote for wealth; for pros-
perity; for comfort; for happiness.

Duval county, Florida, of which
Jacksonville is the county seat, will
begin the building of brick roads.
This county has a bond issue of \$1,
000,000 available for the work.

This Space Belongs to
The Woman's Club

The County National Bank OF CLEARFIELD, PA.

The Oldest Bank in Clearfield County

Capital, ... \$ 500,000
Surplus and Profits, ... 540,000
Total Invested Capital, ... \$1,040,000

THE VALUE OF THE BANK TO THE COM- MUNITY IS DETERMINED BY:

1st. The security which it offers for the de-
posits of the people.

2nd. Its ability to lend customers their busi-
ness wants.

In measuring this bank by that standard re-
member: Its invested capital (capital, surplus and
profits) which stands between the depositor and
loss, is more than one million dollars.

Its total resources, which, together with its
capital, determines its loaning ability are more
than three and one-half million dollars.

Loaning Money

Is a bank's business—without loans no bank
could exist, and business in general would suffer.

This bank always has available funds for bor-
rowers of good standing.

Become a depositor here—you may need our
assistance some day.

Clearfield National Bank

ESTABLISHED 1893

Capital, ... \$400,000
Resources, ... \$1,450,000

THE THRIFTY MAN IS ALWAYS AHEAD

HE is not absolutely dependent upon his pay envelope.
He has money put away and when a chance to
make some money by a timely purchase turns up, he is
ready for it.

BE THRIFTY—Dollars are slippery things, they
go through ones fingers before he knows it. The sure
way is to open an account with us and the dollars are in
a safe place and will not tempt you to spend them.

Clearfield Trust Company

Read THE PROGRESS for all
the news that's worth printing

Geo. W. Johnson

**Sanitary
Plumbing,
Tinning,
Heating and
Ventilating.**

GIVE US A CALL

**28 S. SECOND ST.,
CLEARFIELD, - PENNA**

**JACOBSON'S
New and
Second Hand
Furniture
Store**

**Will save you money
on all kinds of Furniture.**

**Come in and see the
Nice Furniture we have.**

212 Reed St.

Clearfield

PERSONAL MENTION

Joe Patton, of Philadelphia, who is visiting his mother, Mrs. A. E. Patton, of Curwensville, was a town visitor today.

Mrs. A. Wright Bigler is visiting her mother, Mrs. Godcharles, in Milton, Pa.

Mrs. Sarah Quiggle, of Salona is visiting her sister, Mrs. George W. Gulich, on Williams street, at present.

Dr. J. J. McCullough, of Ansonville and H. D. McHugh, of Berwindale, were in Clearfield and stopped at the Dimeling.

H. C. Mills, of Patton, had business in town yesterday.

W. W. Helman and D. F. Edelblute of Coalport, had business in town yesterday.

Mrs. H. B. Douglass, of Phillipsburg, stopping at the Dimeling.

Margaret Hooven, of Harrisburg who spent the past two weeks visiting her mother, returned on Tuesday to Harrisburg.

Singleton Bell, Esq., returned yesterday from Washington, D. C., where his daughter, Julia, entered National Parks Seminary.

Mrs. Singleton Bell is spending the week in Philadelphia.

Ayer's Pills

Headaches, Biliousness, Constipation, Indigestion, Sold for 60 years. Ask Your Doctor. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

**CLAIM SULZER
BRIBED SARECKY**

**Prosecution Tries to Show Job
Was Reward For Testimony.**

ADJOURNMENT FOR ONE DAY

Melville B. Fuller Takes Stand to Correct What He Called Erroneous Impression—Says Entries in Firm's Books Were Never Altered—Sulzer Connected With Other Deals.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 2.—With the beginning of the afternoon session the prosecution in the Sulzer impeachment trial announced that it had completed the presentation of its case.

Judge D. Cady Herrick of counsel for the defense then requested the court to adjourn until Monday in order to allow Mr. Sulzer's attorneys time to prepare for the beginning of their case. The court went into executive session and decided to adjourn one day.

Melville B. Fuller was permitted to make a statement clearing up what he said was a wrongful impression regarding statements made in court previously.

Isidor Kresel of counsel for the assembly managers had said while Mr. Fuller was on the stand that it was the claim of the managers that an entry in the firm's books showing that a loan had been made to Sulzer on Dec. 30, 1912, was irregular. Mr. Fuller declared that his books were absolutely correct. He said that they would not be changed to protect Sulzer or any one else.

"Nothing on the books was falsified," asserted Mr. Fuller. "Nothing was concealed. I am willing to bring every clerk in my office here to prove this."

With this through, the prosecution took up the thread of the trial where it was left off. The attorneys for the prosecution started in to show that Louis A. Sarecky, the governor's financial agent, had been elevated from the place of confidential secretary to the governor to a place on the state hospital commission in violation of the rules of civil service and in consideration of what testimony he would give before the Frawley committee.

Sarecky's Former Testimony.

In order to lay the grounds for this proof John B. Stanchfield sought to read into the record all of Sarecky's evidence before the committee. Objections were made by the defense to the reading of certain sections of the testimony, and Mr. Stanchfield said: "There is the strongest circumstantial evidence of bribery. I am using the word advisedly. Bribery is a reward bestowed for the purpose of perverting judgment or corrupting conduct. This witness, Sarecky, was subpoenaed before the Frawley committee. We hold that the advancement of Sarecky and his great increase in salary at the time he was called before the Frawley committee were an improper use of patronage to color testimony."

Mr. Stanchfield was not allowed to read the testimony of Sarecky that was based on hearsay. He was allowed, however, to get before the court the part of it where Sarecky refused to answer questions regarding campaign contributions.

Civil Service Rules Set Aside.
John C. Birdseye, secretary of the state civil service commission, was then called.

Next was introduced a letter to the civil service commission written by the secretary of the state hospital commission. It asked that the civil service rules be suspended so that Sarecky might be appointed to the place of lay deputy on the hospital commission. A second letter asked that the place be put in the exempt class.

The civil service commission passed a resolution placing the position sought by Sarecky in the exempt class. The salary was to be \$4,000. Governor Sulzer sent a letter approving of this change. Later Sarecky was appointed. John B. Gray of the brokerage firm of Fuller & Gray, of 71 Broadway, with several branch offices, was next called. This was one of the firms with which Governor Sulzer is believed to have done business. Mr. Gray said he had known Frederick L. Colwell, one of Sulzer's agents, for three years. Colwell had desk room in the 71 Broadway office, but he was never on the firm's payroll.

The firm bought 100 shares of Big Four for Colwell. Two deposits were paid on the purchase, one of \$1,000 and one of \$1,500.

The witness said he had no conversation with Colwell as to whom the stock was for, and he admitted that it was unusual for such payments to be made in cash. "Colwell was anxious," said the witness, "that no one except myself should know who the business was done for."

Mr. Gray said that the account was called "No. 500" because Colwell did not want anything known about it.

Mr. Gray said that on Nov. 4 there was another purchase of 100 shares of Big Four for account No. 500. The account had no deposit or margin at the time. Colwell had asked that the purchase be made.

"Did he tell you then who the account was for?"

"Yes—William Sulzer."

This connection of Sulzer with account No. 500 was finally established, but only after a lot of questioning.

New Suits, Coats and Dresses for Fall

**For Saturday and Monday,
October 4 and 6**

¶ We have many new garments to show you, we know these new styles will meet with your approval and that they are the best that can be obtained for the price they are marked. Our stocks are complete now and assure you the best service.

New Serge Suits

¶ Well tailored good linings and the latest models \$10, 15, 18, 25 black, colors

Diagonal Serge Suits

¶ Cut-away Coats and draped skirt models. Yarn dyed \$15, 18, 22 satin linings

Eponge Suits

¶ All colors in both the plain and cut Eponge. This material is very popular and comes in all the popular Fall Shades \$18 to \$35.00

Tailored Suits of Fancy Materials

¶ Brocades, Matelasse, Corduroy, Bedford Cords in Navy, King's Blue, Copenhagen, Mahogany and Garnets \$19.00 to 37.50

New Fall Coats

Our stock includes Sport Coats, three-quarter models with kimono and silk sleeve and full length coats. The materials are Boucle, Arabian Lamb, Astrachan, Chinchillas and Diagonals
Sport Coats \$8.50 to \$16.00
Three-Quarter Coats \$7.50 to \$36.00
Full Length Serge Coats \$5 to \$25.00

Children's Coats

6 to 14 yr. sizes. These are fashioned from materials same as the ladies garments and comes in a variety of pretty styles. Suits for the young girls \$3.50 to \$12

New Dresses for Fall

Our Dress Department is complete with newest styles in dresses for all occasions.

New Serge Dresses

Black, Navy and other colors \$5 to \$18.00

Combination Dresses

Tartan Plaid Skirts, \$13.50 and 14 plain over dress

Messaline Dresses

Black and Colors \$7.50 to \$17.50

Crepe de Chine Dresses

Black, Navy and Copen. \$11 to \$23

Children's School Dresses

All wool serges in Navy, Brown and Black, 6 to 14 yr. sizes \$3.50 to \$7.50.

**"Peter Thompson"
Dresses**

Navy, blue and Black \$7.50 to \$15.00

New Fall Millinery

Another season opens and with it comes new, charming and becoming millinery. Millinery that indicates thoughtful planning and combinations of materials, colors and ideas.

There are a great variety of small and medium size shapes this season. Soft Crowned, Plushes, Velours and Satins, trimmed with Ostrich and other fancies popular this season.

We invite you to come in and see our splendid stock of beautiful millinery. We guarantee good values at very reasonable prices.

**Opening Display Of
New Furs**

This splendid display of New Furs will interest you greatly as the very best furs are here at the beginning of the season. You have more of a variety to choose from and then you have a chance of choosing the best piece of the kind.

New large shape muffs of French and Isabella Coney, black and Isabella Opossum, Jap Mink, Black Lynx and Genuine Mink, \$1.50 to \$75.00

Medium and Large, Neck Pieces of same furs to match \$1.50 to \$80.00

**Leitzinger Bros., MARKET STREET,
CLEARFIELD, PA.**

**Mother's Bread
IS GOOD BREAD**

Get it at the

CITY BAKERY

NO. 12 THIRD ST.

Clearfield, Penn'a.

**D. F. GUELICH
DEALER IN
...COAL...**

Mines close to town. Coal from the famous Moshannon vein. Also other veins suitable for steam and domestic purposes. A postal addressed to D. F. Guelich, Clearfield R. F. D. No. 2, will bring you a load of coal promptly. H. & C. Phone.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Clark, of Altoona, visited Mrs. Clark's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pentz, the first of the week.



Scene from the Rainey Hunt Pictures

At the Opera House Monday and Tuesday. Seat Sale Sat.

**BEAVER BOARD
For Walls and Ceilings**

It is superior to lath, plaster and wall-paper, for 41 reasons.

More beautiful, more sanitary, more durable. Easier and quicker to put up. Never cracks. Suits any room in any building. See it and you'll be convinced.

We can show you

DUFTON HARDWARE CO.



This shows how easy it is to build walls and ceilings of Beaver Board

The Quality Shop

OFFERS

**The Men of Clearfield
NECKWEAR SPECIALS**

A 50c Scarf, all colors, wide ends, "Solidsilk."

35c each

3 for \$1.00

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

¶ The Classiest and most Nobby SHIRT. Absolutely guaranteed fast colors. "Jim Dandy" says they're great. See the new Semi-Stiff Bosom—the half and half shirt.

\$1.00

STERN & STERN

14 Second Street

Clearfield, Penn'a.

SUITS and OVERCOATS

Ready-to-wear Clothing for Men and Boy's is our Study and our song

Ready-to-wear Clothing designed for style, cut to fit and made to wear. Ready-to-wear Clothing with style, fit and service; equal to the highest class tailor made is the kind you always find at Flegal's. Always the best clothing in America for the price and all guaranteed by Flegal and guaranteed by the manufacturer. Fall stock is all ready for your inspection. Great variety in styles, colors and fabrics.

Boy's Suits and Overcoats

\$2 to \$12.00

Men's Suits and Overcoats

\$5 to \$35.00

H. J. FLEGAL, Second Street

CURWENSVILLE, PA., Opera House Block

The Remington-UMC
demonstrates the only
action ejecting Pump Gun

REMINGTON-UMC

PUMP GUN

CUNEO HEARING
WAS LIVELYPersonality of Colonel Fairman
a Big Factor

THREE COUNTS ARE QUASHED

Costs in These Cases Assessed Again
at Prosecution—In Two Cases Judgment Was Rendered Against Mrs. Cuneo, and an Effort Will be Made to Appeal to Court.

Squire Chorpensing's office was crowded Wednesday afternoon by citizens who wished to see Col. "Bill" Fairman, the Tall Sycamore of the Mahoning, and incidentally to learn the result of the hearing in the case of Mrs. Anna Cuneo, charged with violating the Sunday law. Colonel "Bill" did not disappoint the throng, as he was topped out in the new suit of clothes which looked as if it had been made for the prince of Wales, with a woolly hat on his head and a gleaming red tie in his collar. As he sat gently manhandling his fingernails before the case was called Colonel Fairman was the picture of innocence on an occasional child-like smile showing place with a crumpled cigar butt between his lips.

Not Much Fireworks.

If the crowd expected to see a display of oral fireworks when Colonel Fairman injected himself into the real business of the session they were disappointed. The colonel was as meek as the sucking dove during the hearing, except that once his features were ruffled by a remark by T. H. Murray, Esq., counsel for the prosecution in the case. Then the Punnett-Lawney lawyer arose in his dignity and shaking his forefinger at his hoary locks, uttered some fiery words in that voice which has from time immemorial reverberated through the halls of the Jefferson county court house.

Heard on Five Counts.

Mrs. Cuneo was given a hearing on five counts. She was accused of keeping her place of business open, and of selling goods on the Sabbath day, the following dates being cited for the indictments:

August 31—Witness Swales swore he bought two quarts of ice cream on that day in Mrs. Cuneo's store. Judgment against defendant in the amount of \$4. Colonel Fairman gave notice that he would appeal to the court.

September 7—Witness "didn't know," and the indictment was quashed.

September 14—Witness Smith swore he bought two oranges on that Sunday. On cross examination he said "he oranges were for his sick child. Indictment quashed."

September 21—Witnesses said they had bought goods on that Sunday. Indictment quashed.

September 28—Witnesses swore to having bought goods on that Sunday. Judgment against defendant in the sum of \$4.

At the close of the hearing Colonel Fairman gave notice that he would appeal the cases to court. He began immediately to draw up the necessary papers.

Three of the indictments were quashed, the costs being placed on the prosecutors. Judgment was rendered against the defendant in two cases which will be appealed, at the court, so agrees.

BISHOP CRANSTON COMING

Will Speak in Trinity M. E. Church
Next Monday.

Bishop Earl Cranston, the senior active bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church, will speak in Trinity M. E. church of Clearfield, Monday, October 6th, in the afternoon at 2 o'clock to the ministers of the Altoona district, to the women and lay members of the local M. E. churches, and the general public is invited to be present. In the evening at 7:30 o'clock, he will address the church people who it is expected will be present in numbers to hear him. The public is also invited.

Bishop Cranston wishes ministers and laymen to come from all parts of the district to discuss with him and hear him speak on special work of the church at this season. The campaign work will be reviewed and other matters discussed especially the circulation of church papers and the recommendations of the commission on finance.

THE NOVEMBER BALLOT

Seven Party Squares Appear for Voting
Straight Tickets.

Seven party squares for the voting of straight tickets appear on the official sample ballot for the November election, which has just been outlined by Chief Clerk George D. Thorn of the department of the secretary of the commonwealth. Party squares are to the left of the ballot in the following order: Democratic, Washington, Republican, Socialist, Bull Moose, Roosevelt Progressive and Prohibition.

The non-partisan judicial ticket appears in the next column headed by spaces for judges of superior court and with spaces for other nominations according to courts. The remaining nominations will go in other columns. The five constitutional amendments to be voted upon appear at the bottom of the ballot, being printed across the paper. The amendments to authorize the issuance of the road bonds is first followed by the amendments to allow special legislation for labor, extending terms of judges, allowing graded taxes and making provisions for debt limitations.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Josephine Haslett to John F. Groff,
land in Ramey \$40Philip Maracek, of Osceola, and
Mary Medzia, of MorrisdaleOscar Hull, of Woodland, and Bertha
A. Wilson, Bradford twpHenry Halford Rollin and Sarah
Edith Wagner, both of ClearfieldHelen Rebecca E. Hall to Mrs. Sara
Samuels land in Woodward twp \$450Helen of John Srock to Louisa Fros
butter land in Bigler twp \$1Augusta Carlson to William C.
Schwamb, land in Bigler twp \$306Clearfield Trust Co. et al., to C. T.
Kuntz land in Clearfield \$7278 12Philip S. Dotz armir, to Mrs. Emily
McGarvey, land in Ironva \$600W. C. Goss to Ross A. Lambert,
land in Decatur twp \$250Daniel O'Brien to John Sekik land
in Morris twp \$300Marceline Quintette to Julia Ler
minean, land in Morris twp \$645Julia Lermiean to Steve Pollock,
land in Morris twp \$450William Wostenroft to James Wol
stenroft, et al., land in Boggs twp
\$957.12Hattie E. Titus to Emery H. Wil
liams, land in Sandy twp \$1.M. T. Lawhead to Hugh McKee,
land in Burnside twp. \$1,200.James Harvey to George Harvey,
land in Woodward twp. \$100.Henry Loeb and wife to Norman
Loeb, et al., land in DuBois, \$4,200

Had Relatives Here.

William M. Forney, a Pennsylvania division operator, died at his home in Williamsport Monday, of typhoid fever. He is survived by his wife and three children. Samuel Forney, of Mahaffey, was a brother, and Mrs. Minnie Hawkins, of Clearfield county, was a sister of the dead man.

Killed by Train.

Hans Retdel, of Oriskany, a member of the construction crew on the New York Central railroad, was killed at that place Saturday evening by being struck by a freight train. His head and both feet being cut off.

ENTOMBED IN MINE,
HE REMAINS CHEERFULPrisoner 100 Feet Below Ground
May Yet Perish.

Centralia, Pa., Oct. 2.—The rescuing party at the Continental mine of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, which is trying to reach Thomas Toshesky, a miner, who was entombed last Friday, arrived at a point which showed that forty feet of solid coal and rock would have to be cut through to enable them to release the imprisoned man.

Toshesky is undergoing the terrific ordeal bravely in his prison 100 feet below the surface. Frequently during the night he conversed with the rescuers, his remarks being heard clearly through the fifty feet of tubing penetrating the coal breast from an adjoining chamber. Since a blanket was pushed through the tube to him he feels more comfortable. He said water was dripping from the roof and that his prison was beginning to grow damp, while the atmosphere was becoming heavy. Unless he is soon rescued he may perish for want of fresh air, mining experts say.

Nearly every time he talks Toshesky asks about his wife and four children.

CASES ON THE
ARGUMENT LISTCivil Suits to be Heard by
Court October 13

NONE OF GREAT IMPORTANCE

New Trial Asked in Damage Case
Against Fred Loeb and J. W. Marshall, of DuBois, Tried at
Last Term 4th Civil Court—Several Railroad Suits on List.

Following is a list of the cases which will be heard in the regular argument court beginning Monday, October 13.

Frank Zeigler et al. vs. Charles Zeigler, vs. John Selepak, Petition to stay execution and rule to open judgment.

Frank Kolom vs. John Kolozl and Lizzie Kolom, rule to strike off satisfaction.

Mrs. Bell Fick vs. H. White Sheriffs Interpleader J. Newton McCord claimant, and J. W. Westover, claimant Answer filed.

James Stevenson to use of Harry McKelvey vs. Beech Creek Railroad company rule to show cause why the motion for appointment of receivers should not be refused.

Commonwealth vs. Nick Fresco, petition to strike off forfeiture of recognizance.

Commonwealth vs. Jackson Curran, rule to show cause why money should not be paid to Jackson Curran.

Moses Jacobs et al. vs. P. F. Mount rule to show cause why security for costs should not be refused. Answer filed.

Clarence Huns vs. Peter Huns, exceptions to report of commissioner.

Washington National bank vs. R. F. McCartney rule to show cause why a writ should not be granted to determine ownership of property.

William Marcella Curowski vs. Fred Loeb and J. W. Marshall, motion for judgment non ob ver, and for new trial.

Frank Kramer vs. K. Smeal (er Horari).

Martin Machinery Co. for use vs. Harvey J. Flegal rule for judgment for want of a sufficient defense.

In re petition of citizens of DuBois borough to reduce number of councilmen. Exceptions filed.

Commonwealth to use of Louisa vs. Henry Moyer deft. Andrew Neubauer and Harry Nebauer exrs, rule to be entered.

to show cause why judgment should be entered.

Commonwealth vs. Herman Moyer rule to show cause why attachment should not issue.

E. E. Jimeson vs. J. S. Richards, et al. commissioners of Clearfield county, appeal from assessment.

P. M. Swoope trading as Carlton plating mill Co., vs. W. D. and D. A. Walker, rule to enter judgment.

Broderick & Bascom Rope Co., vs. John Broderick; rule to show cause why judgment should not be entered for want of a sufficient affidavit of defense.

There are two cases in the equity list to be heard October 15, as follows:

Louis Dehmas vs. Pittsburgh & Susquehanna Valley railroad Co.; demurrer.

Berwind White Coal Mining Co. vs. Martha E. Hirsch et al., demurrer.

STONEVILLE PICNIC

Pleasant Event Held There on Saturday
Last.

The picnic and accompanying festival at Stoneville Saturday was a grand success. A permanent organization was effected with the following officers: President, John Stone, Sr., secretary, Harry Powell, and treasurer, George Dimeeling.

The reunion will be held next year on the first Saturday in September.

The proceeds of the festival are given each year to the Stoneville church.

KILLED AT RAMEY

Samuel Walk Fatally Injured by a
Fall of Coal in a Mine.

Samuel Walk Jr., was instantly killed Wednesday morning by a fall of coal in the James Minds mine at Ramey. The fatal accident occurred soon after Walk started to work. The body was removed to Buehah, his home.

Walk was about 35 years of age and leaves a widow and four children. He had been working in the Minds mine for several years.

AN IMPORTANT EVENT

Dedication of the State College Pres-
byterian Church.

Sunday, October 5, will be a red letter day at State College when Presbyterians from all over the state of Pennsylvania gather to dedicate the new Presbyterian church. The Rev. Samuel Martin the pastor, has charge of the entertainment of visitors and is busily engaged securing accommodations for them.

Rev. Joseph W. Cochran, D. D. Secretary of the board of education, will preach the dedicatory sermon in the morning of October 5, Rev. R. E. Daubenspeck, D. D., of Huntingdon, moderator of the synod will preach in the evening. There will be an organ recital by Fred Maxson of Philadelphia on Monday night, while the Brotherhood organization will have charge of the services on Tuesday. On Wednesday evening there are addresses by the pastors of the sister churches at State College. Thursday, preparatory services by the Rev. George E. Hawes, of Bellefonte.

The building has been erected at a cost of about \$55,000. It is plain but dignified, chaste and beautiful. The architect is Albert Kelsey, of Philadelphia.

SALVATION ARMY

Colonel Holz Will Deliver Address To-
morrow Night

Colonel and Mrs. R. E. Holz and staff (captain) accompanied by Philip Holz, will deliver an address at the Salvation Army hall, Market street, tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. The subject of the address will be "The Salvation Army and the World's Progress." The address will be in English and German.

Private Sale

One 1000 sq. ft. lot in the new block of houses, lots etc. will be sold at 311 Ogden avenue Thurs. PM. and Sat. Sept. 30-31.

The Dance Tonight.

This is the night of the dance for the benefit of the Clearfield baseball club. About the affair and pass an enjoyable evening while contributing to a worthy cause.

College Club

There will be a meeting of the Wilson College club on Saturday afternoon at the Dimeing hotel. A large attendance is expected, including people from Brookville, DuBois, Curwensville, Philipsburg, Osceola and all other nearby towns.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John F. Livingston, Clearfield and Flora L. Wiley, Jordan twp.
J. F. Blume and Nina Elizabeth Malton, both of Clearfield.

Cake Sale.

The Childrens Aid society will hold a cake and food sale Saturday afternoon, October 4, at W. B. Ogden's store room and would like all members of the society to contribute toward same.

FOUR STOWAWAYS
ESCAPE FROM SHIP
Cut Hole in Cabin and Jump
45 Feet to the Water.

New York, Oct. 2.—Four men who were to have been deported as stowaways on the France got away from the ship while she lay at her pier at the foot of West Fourteenth street, and it was thought that they had stolen life preservers and jumped overboard.

The men had been in a cabin near the hospital ward with a guard on duty outside. They escaped by cutting a hole in the wall of the cabin and climbing emergency ladders to the upper deck. The upper deck is forty five feet above the water. Apparently the stowaways jumped overboard, for two life belts were found in the river near the liner. Possibly the men failed to secure the life preservers properly. It is possible that all four may have reached shore although two of them may have been drowned.

According to officers of the French line, the guard on duty outside the cabin in which the quartet were detained heard no suspicious noises.

Roomers Wanted.

Roomers wanted at No. 9, Fourth street, Call on Mrs. Charles Snook. Sept. 30-1w.

AMERICANS FLEE
MEXICAN BATTLETerror Drives Hundreds Over
Border at Piedras Negras.

FEDERAL TROOPS ADVANCE

Rebels Burn Villages in Effort to Save Their Capital—United States Troops Hurry to Scene in Order to Care For Refugees—Many Constitutionalists Wounded.

Eagle Pass, Tex., Oct. 2.—Public buildings and box cars in the railroad yards were being used to house the hundreds of refugees who continued to pour across the border from the Mexican city of Piedras Negras, the provisional capital of the constitutionalists, where terror reigns because of the steady advance of the federal forces. Many of the refugees are Americans, Consul Blocker, at Piedras Negras, having ordered them to leave the city at once.

Three squadrons of the Third United States cavalry, with one machine gun platoon, and Battery C Third field artillery, were to reach here and take charge of the refugees as they came over the border line.

More than 100 Americans were counted among the refugees. All of them had left their homes in the Mexican city as soon as the consul had instructed them to do so and were unable to bring any of their belongings with them. About 2,000 refugees in all are being cared for here.

The federal troops under General Maas were said to be within striking distance of the constitutionalist capital. Consul Blocker feared that serious fighting would take place within the city when the constitutionalist troops were driven in. Already it was said, hundreds of refugees from the surrounding districts had poured in to the Mexican city and were preparing to continue their journey across the border at the first sight of the federal troops. Consul Blocker considered that a federal attack on the city was imminent when he issued the order for Americans to leave.

Rebels Burn Villages.

Reports from the country along which the federalists are advancing told of depredations committed by the constitutionalists. Villages were set on fire and other means taken to delay the federalists. General Maas' troops, it was said, were closing in on Sabinas, from which the constitutionalists were expected to fall back on Piedras Negras.

It was said that there were many wounded constitutionalists in Piedras Negras. Freight cars were placed in readiness at the hospital there to remove the wounded in case the federalists reached the city. It was reported that many prisoners in the jails on sedition charges were shot. Among the victims was said to be Felipe Sanchez, wanted in Carrizo Springs, Tex., as a member of the smuggling band charged with the murder of a deputy sheriff.

AMUSEMENTS

"Freckles" was played to a capacity house at the New Opera house last evening. Those who have read the book discovered a number of changes in the dramatization of the story, some of which were not entirely pleasing. Jess M. Willingham as "Freckles" was good, his voice being in excellent condition, in his songs. "Ang" was fairly good, but somewhat different from the angel of the story. The other characters were passable, but the play as a whole was received with pleasure by the large audience.

African Hunt Pictures.

The Paul J. Rainey's African Hunt Pictures represent the absolute high tide in the gradual rise of the motion picture idea of entertainment and will be shown at the New Opera house, Monday and Tuesday next. An expedition of 350 men spent a year in the African jungles, braving death from fever and wild beasts in order that this wonderful entertainment might be presented to the public. Mr. Rainey, who is a millionaire sportsman of Cleveland Ohio under took his big game hunt merely for the point of sport but he was the first African Big Game hunter to provide that the wonderful scenes he saw and the strange experiences he passed through should be preserved to the American public through the motion pictures. All kinds of wild animals are shown in their native homes and the exhibition is of untold value to the public at large.

WANTED—Empty barrels at the Kupper Cut Glass Works. 30-5t.

EIGHTY CHINESE DEPORTED.

Bound For Mexico, Via San Francisco.

They Re-entered the United States. San Francisco, Oct. 2.—The steamship Mongolia, which sailed for the Orient, carried about eighty Chinese who are being deported. Nearly the entire number were captured entering the United States over the Mexican border, having been sent from China to Mexico by way of San Francisco.

Nearly 100 Chinese a week are allowed to pass through San Francisco in transit to Mexico, and most of them and their way back into the United States, immigration officials have discovered. Chinese in transit to Mexico, it is said, may be barred from San Francisco in the future.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

Secretary Garrison for economy ordered the army recruiting force reduced.

The British steamer Templerose took fire at sea. Her crew was rescued.

Three young men stealing a ride were killed in a collision of freight trains near Scranton, Pa.

Two masked and armed men robbed the Yukon Gold company of \$20,000 gravel at Dawson, Y. T.

Captain H. B. Nichols, eighty-one, twice postmaster of Norfolk, Va., committed suicide by shooting.

Senator Vardaman served notice he would oppose colored men to office except minister to Liberia.

An express box containing \$7,000 assigned by banks was looted by three masked bandits in Minnesota.

Frank Ivy was mortally shot by his first wife in the presence of his second wife and two babies at Los Angeles.

The freighters Joseph B. Morrow and City of London collided near Detroit. The former was beached, but the latter sank.

John Malkem of Patchogue, N. Y., a six foot blacksmith, nearly drowned himself in a cell of the local jail. He tore away a water pipe.

Cornelius Breenahan, brother of Regan, the ball player, was killed in a quarrel over a violin at Toledo, O. Charles N. doley was arrested.

WOMAN'S SKELETON DUG UP.

Back Yard Grave May Have Been Result of Old Murder.

Paris, Ill., Oct. 2.—Workmen excavating in the residence district here found the skeleton of a woman whose skull was fractured in a short grave beneath the surface in the rear of a house. The teeth indicated that the victim was between thirty and forty years old.

It was reported that Dr. Horace Ball, who died ten years ago, had said that his servant girl had disappeared and never was heard of later. Dr. W. B. Jones, a partner of Dr. Ball, says he never heard the missing servant story.

Yeggenmen Used Automobiles. Binghamton, N. Y., Oct. 2.—Blowing its safe to atoms, yeggs robbed a branch postoffice in the business section of this city. Several hundred dollars in money and stamps were taken. It is believed the robbers used automobiles to escape.

Japan Discusses New Treaty. Tokyo, Oct. 2.—It is understood here that Japan and the United States are engaged in a discussion of the possibilities of arranging a new commercial treaty between the two countries.

Gunboat Has Narrow Escape. Cadix, Oct. 2.—The Spanish gunboat Boniface struck a derelict near here and had a narrow escape from foundering. The water invaded the engine room, and the gunboat reached port in an almost waterlogged condition.

DISAPPEARANCE OF
DIESEL MYSTERIOUSInventor's Family Think He Is
Safe in London, However.

London, Oct. 2.—In spite of a denial from Munich of the disappearance of Dr. Rudolf Diesel and the assertion of his family that he had been heard from in London, the chairman of the Diesel Engine company, limited, C. C. Ellis, at the meeting of shareholders confirmed the story of his disappearance from the cross channel steamer in every particular. After expressing the sorrow of the directorate of the company at the loss of Dr. Diesel Mr. Ellis concluded:

"We can hardly hope to see him again, and I am sure his widow and his friends have your deepest sympathy."

According to the account published here, Dr. Diesel embarked on the steamer Dresden, accompanied by George Carls, a fellow director, and Herr Luckmann, chief engineer of the company. Dr. Diesel had a cabin to himself. On the arrival of the vessel at Harwich he was missing. His bed had not been slept in, though his night clothing was laid out on it.

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

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day by the

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CLEARFIELD, PA.

Official organ of the Washington
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OFFICERS:

Robert H. Sommerville, President.
James H. Minda, Vice President.
E. W. Hess, Treasurer.
Harry A. Reed, Sec. and Gen. Mgr.
John R. Bixler, Editor.

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Robert H. Sommerville,
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A. B. Mosser,
John W. Barratt,
E. W. Hess,
Harry A. Reed.

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Postage Free in United States.

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Clearfield, Pa., as mail matter of the
Second class.

THURSDAY OCTOBER 2.

WASHINGTON PARTY TICKET

COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff,
Charles W. Frey, of DuBois.
For District Attorney,
Earle G. Boone, of DuBois.
For Jury Commissioner,
Leo G. Syphert, of DuBois.

BOROUGH TICKET

For Burgess,
C. E. Roseberry, Fourth Ward.
For School Director, 6 years.
Two to be Elected.
John W. Barratt,
R. D. Hyde,
Justice of the Peace.
F. G. Champenig,
Tax Collector.
Lloyd D. Jacobs,
Auditor.
Three to be Elected
John A. Duke,
A. Knight Staver.

WARD TICKET.

Assessor.
First ward—James Sutton.
Second ward—M. O. A. Sahm.
Fourth ward—John Bowman.
Councilmen
Two to be Elected.
Second ward—L. M. Forney. The
between J. Ward Logan and Allen
Wrigley.
Fourth ward—M. M. Overly, D. S.
Beck.

COMING EVENTS.

DuBois fair, Sept. 30, Oct. 1, 2, 3.
State Sunday School Convention,
Williamsport, Oct. 8, 9, 10.
Anti-Saloon League convention
Clearfield district, Clearfield, Oct. 7.
Bishop Earl Cranston will speak in
Trinity M. E. church October 6.
Children's Aid Society cake and
food sale, Oct. 4.
Deer Hunting season opens Nov. 10
closes Nov. 25.

Good evening! Your voice should
be heard in behalf of a cleaner and
brighter Clearfield.

TYPHOID FEVER.

In various sections of the state
typhoid epidemics prevail. In most
cases it has been determined that
this disease is due to impure water or
milk. It is therefore absolutely nec-
essary for boards of health to see the
milk or water consumed by the people
is free from contamination. Proper
precaution and the enforcement of
the law would prevent epidemics of
typhoid fever.

So far as can be ascertained there
is no regular inspection of milk sold
to the people of Clearfield. While
there is no doubt that most of the
milk consumed in this town is pure,
it is probable that some of the
cheapest fluid is unfit for family use.
An inspection of dairies and a test
of the milk might avert such epidemics
as those from which the people of
other sections of the state suffer at
this time. The ounce of prevention
should be applied in Clearfield.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES.

In the Progress Wednesday was
printed announcement of the dates
and places at which farmers' in-
stitutes would be held, together with
the list of speakers and instructors.
These institutes are held under the
auspices of the state agricultural de-
partment, and for years they have
proven a great benefit to tillers of
the soil.

Clearfield county farmers are not

in the rear of the procession of progress. They have learned much from experience, and they are willing to heed the advice of those who have practical ideas of farming and who are adding to the increasing productivity of the soil and in enhancing the value of the by products of the farm. Hence, when the farmers' institutes opens in the county this is certain to be a large number of farmers ready to attend the meetings and listen to the lectures.

The soil of Clearfield county farms is not different from that of other parts of the state. As good crops can be raised in this county as elsewhere, but no farm can be made to produce record crops unless it is worked intelligently. It is the aim of the lecturers at the farmers' institutes to impart knowledge of correct farming to those who are interested in the work.

William E. Crow is the new head of the Republican state committee. A hawk would have been a more significant bird.

Sulzer blames his financial troubles upon his wife. That's always the way—the woman tempted me.

With dividends of ten million dollars on a capital of twenty millions the beef trust has the impudence to say that it would have to go out of business if the price of meat were reduced.

These rainy days give a man time in which to figure the amount of his income tax.

George Gould Dead.

George Gould died suddenly at his home at Brisbin Wednesday morning. He was about 40 years of age and is survived by his widow and one son.

Frank Hammond Ill.

Frank Hammond, of Punxsutawney, is very ill of appendicitis, at the home of his parents on Daisy street. It is feared that an operation will be necessary. This is the second attack.

For Sale or Rent.

Village Hotel Property—No license—Good condition—2 1-2 miles from N. Y. C. and P. R. R. Good reasons for selling or renting. Decided bargain. Write Box 235, Glen Campbell, Pa. Oct 2-2t.

Notice.

Persons desiring to purchase shade trees for fall planting through the shade tree commission of the Borough will please advise one of the members of the commission on or before the 15th day of October.

The price per tree 10 to 12 feet high 2 to 2 1-2 inches caliper delivered at Clearfield will be about \$1.00.

W. H. PATTERSON,

DR. S. D. BAILEY,

LESLIE STEWART.

Shade Tree Commission.
Oct. 2-5t.

DEATHS OF A DAY.

Dr. Jules Ogier, the famous toxicologist, is dead in Paris. He was born in 1853.

Dr. Reginald Haber Fitz, seventy years old, a noted Boston physician, died in Brookline, Mass., after an operation.

Carrie A. Eldret Lewis, wife of Delos B. Lewis, president of the New York State Sunday School association, died in Amsterdam, N. Y.

George Russell Lincoln, sixty-five, a prominent mining engineer of Philadelphia, is dead in Paris. He was a brother of Mrs. Charles W. Duane of Philadelphia.

Major Alexander McDowell, sixty-eight years old, from 1895 to 1911 clerk of the house of representatives at Washington, died at his home in Sharon, Pa. He was born in Franklin, Pa.

Norman Lockwood McCutcheon, only son of James McCutcheon, the linen importer, and treasurer of the James McCutcheon company of New York, is dead at his home in Greenwich, Conn.

Mrs. Mary Jane Brown, widow of Francis Everett Brown, died in New York. She was eighty-two years old. Her husband was one of the old time shipbuilders and was the master joiner when the old Hudson river steamer Mary Powell was built.

Keiffer Pears for Canning

Peaches are about finished.
This week we offer you
Keiffer pears at

\$1.10 a Basket

Let us have your order.

R. C. Shaw Grocery Co.

APPLICATION HIGHWAY LAW

Each Ton Marketed Costs \$1.41
More Than It Should

NOT A POLITICAL QUESTION

State Has Taken Over Most of the
Roads and Their Improvement
and Maintenance is Fair-
ly Before the Voters.

A fair estimate of the merchantable farm products of Pennsylvania is fifteen million tons annually. A loss of \$1.41 on each ton, which government statisticians show to be the difference in the hauling cost between good and bad roads and which would be saved were the roads improved, amounts to something over twenty-one millions of dollars.

This is actual loss. Loss of time; damage to equipment; exhaustion of horseflesh. If the purchaser of the produce secured an advantage there would be some consideration, but he has to pay top prices by reason of it. The saving of this loss would mean more profit for the farmer, and less for the consumer to pay.

In 1907 and 1909 ineffectual efforts were made to secure legislation under which good roads would be built in all sections of Pennsylvania, but the people were not yet ready for it. Many otherwise intelligent persons seemed to see in the proposition to build roads a political question rather than an economic one. Some feared that other people's roads would be built first. Others were apprehensive that voters might be employed in the work. The time was not yet ripe.

In 1911 the forces favoring improvement of the highways were brought together, and the result was the enactment of one of the most complete highway laws which the world has ever seen; this law embraces practically all the valuable points of all other highway laws, and leaves out those features which are of questionable advantage; a law under which Pennsylvania can be assured of the very best roads reaching between all its important centers of population and interest.

The framers of that law had studied the road laws of other States and of other countries. Under it the State roads and county roads and township roads may be improved so that within a reasonable time every farm in the State will have access to a good road, and the larger and more concentrated travel that passes between cities will have smooth and direct thoroughfares.

It costs money to build roads. This fact was also recognized by the Legislature of 1911 and again by the Legislature of 1913, and each adopted a resolution amending the constitution of the State, subject to ratification by the voters, under which the money can be procured for the construction work.

Everybody in Pennsylvania is familiar with the biennial appropriation farce. The State administration is barred by the fundamental laws from running the State into debt. Appropriations are made from the general funds of the State to an amount far in excess of the estimated income. Then it is up to the Governor to veto or reduce until he gets them within the limit. It is not a pleasant position for a Governor to be in, and more than one has found it a rock evidently designed for the wreck of his personal political ship. Sometime a Governor will be found who will veto the whole list of excessive appropriations, and call the Legislature in extraordinary session to make appropriations within the law. Such action will require great courage, and the man who takes it must be willing to retire to private life subsequently, but the effect will be salutary.

Under the system of direct appropriations, with its vetoes and reductions our grandchildren will still be struggling in mud, waiting for the roads to be improved.

The voters of Pennsylvania have the improvement of the roads squarely before them at the coming election. A vote for the constitutional amendment is a vote for good roads, to be built as rapidly as skill and economy can accomplish it; a vote against the amendment is a vote in favor of the continuation of the present system, with appropriations contingent on conditions from year to year, and subject to the exigencies of the necessary executive "whittling."

This is not a political party question. There is no partisanship in good roads. The Republican, the Democrat, the Progressive, the Socialist, the Independent, and the Prohibitionist, all travel over the roads and all are equally interested in their improvement.

An amiable gentleman in a speech up State a few weeks ago figured out that he could see, with the passage of this amendment at the polls, contracts so let as to build a great political machine; and highway improvement so carried out that the regions of residence of favored political leaders would secure advantage not granted to other localities, but the amiable gentleman was either dreaming or romancing. He, as every other intelligent person, knows better.

The system of State Highways is a fixed fact. The State has taken over most of the roads and is now keeping them in such repair as the money available will permit. With an adequate fund to draw from all could be



GOOD ROADS HELP.

kept in proper repair, and those sections where the greatest travel exists would be the first to receive the hard surface. No Highway Department in any State would ever think of doing otherwise. To attempt to force conditions in the interest of sections or of individuals would be to furnish the red flag for warring purposes. Those who were so insane as to try it would find themselves playing the part of projectiles in front of the explosive force of an outraged public sentiment.

It must be remembered that the constitutional amendment which is to be voted on in November does not create a debt. It gives the Legislature authority to create a debt for improving the roads if it deems it wise. The Legislature is to fix the form and term of the debt, and the method of payment; and next year the people will elect the Legislators, who, in 1915, will have this responsibility placed upon them.

This fact was dwelt upon at the Good Roads Convention held at the capitol at Harrisburg on September 18, by several of the speakers, and Governor Tener, in his address, stated that none of this money would be spent under his administration, as the enabling laws providing for the issue of bonds would have to be enacted by the Legislature of 1915, the members of which will be elected in 1914. This statement by the Governor must be controverted and set at rest all insinuations of interested objectors so far as that factor of opposition is concerned.

REASONS FOR YOUR SUPPORT

Many Good Reasons Why the Penn-
sylvania Voter Should Vote
for Good Roads.

Reasons why every voter should vote at the approaching election for building Pennsylvania's highway system are plentiful. Some of the most important should be borne in mind by every voter when he goes to the polls. Some of them are:

BECAUSE, there should be no politics in good roads. They benefit Republican, Democrat, Progressive, Socialist and Prohibitionist alike, and the benefit is not political, but commercial, industrial, educational, social and personal.

BECAUSE, the benefit of improved roads is not confined to any class or condition, but extends to all. Farmer, merchant, physician, lawyer, manufacturer, dweller in city or country; driver of horse or automobile.

BECAUSE, with the money available from a loan for State Roads, the state will be able to give the townships greater aid under the Jones law and more money will be available for state aid roads, from the general revenues.

BECAUSE, the State of Pennsylvania levies no real estate tax, but receives its revenues from corporations, from commerce, from automobile registrations, and a variety of lesser sources.

BECAUSE, the constitutional amendment which will be voted for this year provides for a fund to build state highways in every county in the state, so that all will reap the benefit.

BECAUSE, unless the voters vote in favor of this amendment to the constitution, road building in Pennsylvania will be a slow proposition. There will be no money to build the State road system unless the people vote for it.

BECAUSE, regardless of who may be elected governor, or elected to any other office next year, highway construction should go on with regularity until every part of the state is supplied with the roads which the State Highway law provides and which are necessary to their welfare.

Reasons why every voter should vote for the constitutional amendment could be multiplied indefinitely; and any real reason why any one should vote against the bonds would be hard to find. Everybody wants the roads built during the lifetime of the present generation and built so they will last, with proper maintenance, for all time. Part of them are already built and need repairs; some are in course of construction, and the money for building the others, in fairness to every section of the state, is what should be voted for now. By voting "yes" to the constitutional amendment you will VOTE RIGHT.

A vote for the Constitutional Amendment is a vote for wealth; for prosperity; for comfort; for happiness.

Duval county, Florida, of which Jacksonville is the county seat, will begin the building of brick roads. This county has a bond issue of \$1,000,000 available for the work.

This Space Belongs to
The Woman's Club

The County National Bank OF CLEARFIELD, PA.

The Oldest Bank in Clearfield County

Capital, ... \$ 500,000
Surplus and Profits, ... 540,000
Total Invested Capital, ... \$1,040,000

THE VALUE OF THE BANK TO THE COMMUNITY IS DETERMINED BY:

1st. The security which it offers for the deposits of the people.

2nd. Its ability to lend customers their business wants.

In measuring this bank by that standard remember: Its invested capital (capital, surplus and profits) which stands between the depositor and loss, is more than one million dollars.

Its total resources, which, together with its capital, determines its loaning ability are more than three and one-half million dollars.

Loaning Money

Is a bank's business—without loans no bank could exist, and business in general would suffer.

This bank always has available funds for borrowers of good standing.

Become a depositor here—you may need our assistance some day.

Clearfield National Bank

ESTABLISHED 1893

Capital, ... \$400,000
Resources, ... \$1,450,000

THE THRIFTY MAN IS ALWAYS AHEAD

HE is not absolutely dependent upon his pay envelope. He has money put away and when a chance to make some money by a timely purchase turns up, he is ready for it.

BE THRIFTY—Dollars are slippery things, they go through ones fingers before he knows it. The sure way is to open an account with us and the dollars are in a safe place and will not tempt you to spend them.

Clearfield Trust Company

Read THE PROGRESS for all
the news that's worth printing

Geo. W. Johnson

**Sanitary
Plumbing,
Tinning,
Heating and
Ventilating.**

GIVE US A CALL

**28 S. SECOND ST.,
CLEARFIELD, - PENN'A**

**JACOBSON'S
New and
Second Hand
Furniture
Store**

**Will save you money
on all kinds of Furniture.**

**Come in and see the
Nice Furniture we have.**

212 Reed St.

Clearfield

PERSONAL MENTION

Joe Patton, of Philadelphia, who is visiting his mother, Mrs. A. E. Patton, of Curwensville, was a town visitor today.

Mrs. A. Wright Bigler is visiting her mother, Mrs. Godcharles, in Milton, Pa.

Mrs. Sarah Quiggle, of Salona is visiting her sister, Mrs. George W. Gulich, on Williams street, at present.

Dr. J. J. McCullough, of Ansonville and H. D. McHugh, of Berwindale, were in Clearfield and stopped at the Dimeling.

H. C. Mills, of Patton, had business in town yesterday.

W. W. Helman and D. F. Edelblute of Coalport, had business in town yesterday.

Mrs. H. B. Douglass, of Phillipsburg, stopping at the Dimeling.

Margaret Hooven, of Harrisburg who spent the past two weeks visiting her mother, returned on Tuesday to Harrisburg.

Singleton Bell, Esq., returned yesterday from Washington, D. C., where his daughter, Julia, entered National Parks Seminary.

Mrs. Singleton Bell is spending the week in Philadelphia.

Ayer's Pills

Headaches, Biliousness, Constipation, Indigestion, Sold for 60 years. Ask Your Doctor. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

**CLAIM SULZER
BRIBED SARECKY**

**Prosecution Tries to Show Job
Was Reward For Testimony.**

ADJOURNMENT FOR ONE DAY

Melville B. Fuller Takes Stand to Correct What He Called Erroneous Impression—Says Entries in Firm's Books Were Never Altered—Sulzer Connected With Other Deals.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 2.—With the beginning of the afternoon session the prosecution in the Sulzer impeachment trial announced that it had completed the presentation of its case.

Judge D. Cady Herrick of counsel for the defense then requested the court to adjourn until Monday in order to allow Mr. Sulzer's attorneys time to prepare for the beginning of their case. The court went into executive session and decided to adjourn one day.

Melville B. Fuller was permitted to make a statement clearing up what he said was a wrongful impression regarding statements made in court previously.

Isidor Kresel of counsel for the assembly managers had said while Mr. Fuller was on the stand that it was the claim of the managers that an entry in the firm's books showing that a loan had been made to Sulzer on Dec. 30, 1912, was irregular. Mr. Fuller declared that his books were absolutely correct. He said that they would not be changed to protect Sulzer or any one else.

"Nothing on the books was falsified," asserted Mr. Fuller. "Nothing was concealed. I am willing to bring every clerk in my office here to prove this."

With this through, the prosecution took up the thread of the trial where it was left off. The attorneys for the prosecution started in to show that Louis A. Sarecky, the governor's financial agent, had been elevated from the place of confidential secretary to the governor to a place on the state hospital commission in violation of the rules of civil service and in consideration of what testimony he would give before the Frawley committee.

Sarecky's Former Testimony.

In order to lay the grounds for this proof John B. Stanchfield sought to read into the record all of Sarecky's evidence before the committee. Objections were made by the defense to the reading of certain sections of the testimony, and Mr. Stanchfield said: "There is the strongest circumstantial evidence of bribery. I am using the word advisedly. Bribery is a reward bestowed for the purpose of perverting judgment or corrupting conduct. This witness, Sarecky, was subpoenaed before the Frawley committee. We hold that the advancement of Sarecky and his great increase in salary at the time he was called before the Frawley committee were an improper use of patronage to color testimony."

Mr. Stanchfield was not allowed to read the testimony of Sarecky that was based on hearsay. He was allowed, however, to get before the court the part of it where Sarecky refused to answer questions regarding campaign contributions.

Civil Service Rules Set Aside.
John C. Birdseye, secretary of the state civil service commission, was then called.

Next was introduced a letter to the civil service commission written by the secretary of the state hospital commission. It asked that the civil service rules be suspended so that Sarecky might be appointed to the place of lay deputy on the hospital commission. A second letter asked that the place be put in the exempt class.

The civil service commission passed a resolution placing the position sought by Sarecky in the exempt class. The salary was to be \$4,000. Governor Sulzer sent a letter approving of this change. Later Sarecky was appointed. John B. Gray of the brokerage firm of Fuller & Gray, of 71 Broadway, with several branch offices, was next called. This was one of the firms with which Governor Sulzer is believed to have done business. Mr. Gray said he had known Frederick L. Colwell, one of Sulzer's agents, for three years. Colwell had desk room in the 71 Broadway office, but he was never on the firm's payroll.

The firm bought 100 shares of Big Four for Colwell. Two deposits were paid on the purchase, one of \$1,000 and one of \$1,500.

The witness said he had no conversation with Colwell as to whom the stock was for, and he admitted that it was unusual for such payments to be made in cash. "Colwell was anxious," said the witness, "that no one except myself should know who the business was done for."

Mr. Gray said that the account was called "No. 500" because Colwell did not want anything known about it.

Mr. Gray said that on Nov. 4 there was another purchase of 100 shares of Big Four for account No. 500. The account had no deposit or margin at the time. Colwell had asked that the purchase be made.

"Did he tell you then who the account was for?"

"Yes—William Sulzer."
This connection of Sulzer with account No. 500 was finally established, but only after a lot of questioning.

New Suits, Coats and Dresses for Fall

**For Saturday and Monday,
October 4 and 6**

¶ We have many new garments to show you, we know these new styles will meet with your approval and that they are the best that can be obtained for the price they are marked. Our stocks are complete now and assure you the best service.

New Serge Suits

¶ Well tailored good linings and the latest models \$10, 15, 18, 25 black, colors

Diagonal Serge Suits

¶ Cut-away Coats and draped skirt models. Yarn dyed \$15, 18, 22 satin linings

Eponge Suits

¶ All colors in both the plain and cut Eponge. This material is very popular and comes in all the popular Fall Shades \$18 to \$35.00

Tailored Suits of Fancy Materials

¶ Brocades, Matelasse, Corduroy, Bedford Cords in Navy, King's Blue, Copenhagen, Mahogany and Garnets \$19.00 to 37.50

New Fall Coats

Our stock includes Sport Coats, three-quarter models with kimona and silk sleeve and full length coats. The materials are Boucle, Arabian Lamb, Astrachan, Chinchillas and Diagonals
Sport Coats \$8.50 to \$16.00
Three-Quarter Coats \$7.50 to \$36.00
Full Length Serge Coats \$5 to \$25.00

Children's Coats

6 to 14 yr. sizes. These are fashioned from materials same as the ladies garments and comes in a variety of pretty styles. Suits for the young girls \$3.50 to \$12

New Dresses for Fall

Our Dress Department is complete with newest styles in dresses for all occasions.

New Serge Dresses

Black, Navy and other colors \$5 to \$18.00

Combination Dresses

Tartan Plaid Skirts, \$13.50 and 14 plain over dress

Messaline Dresses

Black and Colors \$7.50 to \$17.50

Crepe de Chine Dresses

Black, Navy and Copen. \$11 to \$23

Children's School Dresses

All wool serges in Navy, Brown and Black, 6 to 14 yr. sizes \$3.50 to \$7.50.

**"Peter Thompson"
Dresses**

Navy, blue and Black \$7.50 to \$15.00

New Fall Millinery

Another season opens and with it comes new, charming and becoming millinery. Millinery that indicates thoughtful planning and combinations of materials, colors and ideas.

There are a great variety of small and medium size shapes this season. Soft Crowned, Plushes, Velours and Satins, trimmed with Ostrich and other fancies popular this season.

We invite you to come in and see our splendid stock of beautiful millinery. We guarantee good values at very reasonable prices.

**Opening Display Of
New Furs**

This splendid display of New Furs will interest you greatly as the very best furs are here at the beginning of the season. You have more of a variety to choose from and then you have a chance of choosing the best piece of the kind.

New large shape muffs of French and Isabella Coney, black and Isabella Opossum, Jap Mink, Black Lynx and Genuine Mink, \$1.50 to \$75.00

Medium and Large, Neck Pieces of same furs to match \$1.50 to \$80.00

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Mr. and Mrs. John A. Clark, of Altoona, visited Mrs. Clark's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pentz, the first of the week.



Scene from the Rainey Hunt Pictures
At the Opera House Monday and Tuesday. Seat Sale Sat.

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